

Preface

Characteristics of trees

The third volume of „Chorology of trees and shrubs in Sout-West Asia and adjacent regions” includes a description of ranges of distribution for a further 50 species. They belong to 31 genera and 18 families, of which 9 are represented by only a single species. The largest number of species is in family *Rhamnaceae* (12), *Oleaceae* (7), *Guttiferae* (5), *Anacardiaceae* (4) and *Euphorbiaceae* and *Ranunculaceae* (3 each). Six of the species are climbers, and only one is a tree of the first order (*Aesculus indica* (Wall. ex Cambess.) Hook f.). The majority represent the Mediterranean element.

The range maps have been prepared on the same principle as in the two previous volumes. In the meantime the herbarium data for Greece has been much enriched by materials from the Herbarium of the Botanical Museum in Lund, Sweden. The literature list increased by 58 positions. In the present volume „Draf Index of Author Abbreviations compiled at The Herbarium Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew” (1980) is being used.

The texts have been translated into English by M. Giertych from Kórnik.

C. ... is quite variable in the degree of ... this several varieties have been recognised within ... the systematic value of which is as yet not quite clear. ... is characterised by an unusually large ... of ... and an ... for. The western, relatively narrow part of the range covers ... France and ... the Black Sea (Albania, Bulgaria, European Turkey, Greece), ... the ... The eastern part of the range ... is also known from ... The eastern part of the range ... is composed of ... the ... in the ...

It is striking that in the ... of the range ... with forms that now commonly ... described as ... only occasionally ... in the ... and ... In the ... and ... forms are ... of ... and ... would indicate that we are dealing ... of the ... of the ...

It is a ... species ... of the ... type. It occurs in ... groups. In places ... groups. In the ... of ... and ...

* *Cedrus ...* ... *C. ...* ... *C. ...* ...

1. Introduction

2. Scope of the work

3. Acknowledgements

The third volume of "Ecology of trees and shrubs in East-West Asia and adjacent regions" includes a description of trees of the genus *Quercus* in the family Fagaceae. They belong to 31 genera and 12 families of which 9 are represented by only a single species. The largest number of species is in family Fagaceae (12), followed by (7) *Quercus* (5), *Castanea* (4) and *Alnus* (3) and *Hamamelis* (3) each. Six of the species are climbers and only one is a tree or shrub (the order *Hamamelidales* (Walt. ex Cambes) Hook. f.). The majority occurs in the Malayan region.

The range maps have been prepared on the same principle as in the two previous volumes. In this volume the distribution data for *Quercus* has been mostly derived by material from the Herbarium of the National Museum in Lund, Sweden. The material is numbered by 20 positions in the present volume. Data from other sources are indicated by the number of the position in the present volume. (1970) is given and the text has been translated into English by M. Gierczyk from Kraków.

4. References

5. Index

6. Appendix

7. Glossary

8. Bibliography